

A CUBAN DEBATE.

The Senate Still Wrestling with the Morgan Resolution.

THE FOREST RESERVATION ORDER.

The House Voted Not to Concur in the Senate Amendment to Annul It—The Improvement of Pearl Harbor Considered.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The Cuban question occupied the entire attention of the senate yesterday, the debate taking a wide range and at times becoming spirited, when comparisons were made between the attitude of the former administration and the present one on the subject of Cuba. Senator Morrill, in opposing the Morgan resolution, said the purpose of all the Cuban resolutions was to wrest from the executive the right he alone hitherto had exercised of recognizing the belligerent rights or the independence of nations. Mr. Morrill declared that congress had no such power, and its exercise would be contrary to all precedents. Belligerent rights of revolution should not have recognition based merely on sympathy, but must be based on justice and law. Mr. Morrill then turned his attention to the "new and botched version of the Monroe doctrine, with all its apocryphal additions by our intrepid jingoists, who sought to make the United States the unskilled guardian and the fighting champion of all the American republics, big and little." If this new version was to be an established policy, then it was time to create an army and navy which will eclipse any that might be brought against them, to pile up taxes to sustain a large military establishment, and to supplement the schoolmaster with the soldier.

Senator Foraker, of Ohio, speaking on the Cuban resolution and in favor of its reference to the committee on foreign relations, said that he knew the administration had its policy on this question.

Senator Allen asked what the policy of the administration was, and Mr. Foraker said that it was to ascertain beyond peradventure the exact situation in Cuba. It had sent its duly authorized and accredited agent there to investigate the condition and report. The debate went over until to-day.

A partial conference report on the Indian appropriation bill was agreed to.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The consideration of the senate amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill was finished by the house yesterday and the bill sent to a conference. President Cleveland's forest reservation order was the subject of much debate and the house voted not to concur in the senate amendment to annul the order, with the understanding that the conferees should arrange an amendment which would have the same effect. The house voted not to concur in the amendment appropriating \$5,000 for the continuation by the secretary of agriculture of an investigation of the beet sugar industry.

The most interesting debate was on the appropriation of \$50,000 to improve Pearl harbor, in the Hawaiian islands, which was rejected by a vote of 55 to 53. Mr. Hitt, of Illinois, past and prospective chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, earnestly urged the importance of taking steps to confirm the title of this government to the harbor, in view of the senate proposal to abrogate the Hawaiian treaty.

Mr. Cannon replied to Mr. Hitt, saying that this government was in no great danger if congress did not make the appropriation at this session. The harbor had been granted to the United States, absolutely, for all time, he said, and was as much our property as any harbor on the Pacific coast. He believed the government should improve Pearl harbor as it would any other harbor it owned when it needed improvement. It was within five miles of Honolulu harbor, where the vessels of the United States had always been able to coal and always would be while they had the money to pay for the coal. Mr. Cannon did not believe in magnifying the importance of these international matters and becoming frightened at this or that nation.

The item was opposed by Mr. Sayres because, he said, as soon as Pearl harbor had been improved the government would be called on to expend several millions to fortify it. Instead of looking abroad for objects of legislation, congress should look to the relief of its own people.

Mr. Simpson, of Kansas, advocated the project. This harbor, he said, was more needed than one at home since the United States had adopted the policy of maintaining a great navy.

Mr. Sayres warned congress that the next step in line with the proposed policy would be annexation. He warned them not to be frightened by the report that England would take possession of the islands. The Pearl harbor amendment was sent to conference.

Destructive Fire in Quincy, Ill.

QUINCY, Ill., May 12.—Fire after midnight last night destroyed the J. R. Dayton Tablet Co.'s plant, the Valk-Jones and the McMein job printing offices and the Brumbaugh book store, all in one building. The total loss is \$110,000.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

Condensed Proceedings of the Senate and House in Extra Session.

THE SENATE. The senate refused on the 5th to ratify the general arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain negotiated by Secretary Olney and Sir Julian Pauncefote, the vote being 48 yeas to 38 nays, four affirmative votes less than the majority of two-thirds required by the senate rules for the ratification of a treaty. Senator Mills (Tex.) made a strong appeal against ratifying the agreement, denouncing the conduct of England in the Greco-Turkish war. The remainder of the debate was of a running character. Senator Deboe (Ky.), Blackburn's successor, was sworn in and the sundry civil bill taken up, an amendment appropriating \$50,000 for the improvement of Pearl harbor, Hawaii, being agreed to.... The house was not in session.

In the senate on the 6th Senator Bacon (Ga.) introduced a resolution deprecating war and declaring that the policy of the United States was favorable to arbitration and inviting all other nations to make a corresponding declaration. The sundry civil bill was afterwards taken up and passed, after a debate on President Cleveland's order creating extensive forest reservations. The senate then adjourned until the 10th.... The house committee reported a resolution providing that the house shall meet on Mondays and Thursdays until further action. The democrats and populists were solidly arrayed against the republicans on the resolution, but it was adopted by a vote of 101 to 83. Mr. King (Utah) tried to get a resolution considered for the annexation of Hawaii, but he was laughed at and the house adjourned until the 10th.

THE MORGAN CUBAN RESOLUTION. was discussed at considerable length in the senate on the 10th. Senator Turpie (Ind.) spoke in favor of it and Senator White (Cal.) in opposition to it. Senator Vest (Mo.) secured an agreement to a resolution directing the committee on commerce to inquire into the cause of the Mississippi river floods.... The house considered the senate amendments to the sundry civil appropriation bill. Mr. Lacey (Ia.) criticizing the provision restoring to the public domain the forest reservations created by President Cleveland last February. Mr. Fowler (N. J.) introduced a bill for the creation of a tariff commission, the members to hold office for 21 years.

Farewell Banquet to Bayard.

LONDON, May 8.—The farewell banquet given yesterday evening by the American society in London to Mr. Bayard, former ambassador of the United States, was attended by 270 guests. The company included Ambassador Hay, Mrs. Hay and all the members of the American embassy, the lord bishop of London, Baron Russell, of Killowen, the lord chief justice and many other noted Englishmen. But there was a notable absence of the majority of the best-known Americans residing in London.

Oppose Contract Work.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 11.—The union machinists oppose contract work and will fight the letting of contracts for government construction work hereafter. Resolutions were passed unanimously by the international association, in session here, asking congress to enact such laws as would prevent the letting of contracts to corporations for any government work, either for the erection of buildings or the construction of machinery.

Improved Mail Delivery.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—A vigorous policy of extending mail facilities for the suburbs of the large cities, as far as possible, by both steam and electric cars, has been adopted by Second Assistant Postmaster-General Shallenberger. Many of the big cities will be given material additional service for the outlying districts if the citizens of those points co-operate with the department to make it a success.

Six Victims of Guthrie Flood.

GUTHRIE, Ok., May 7.—No trace has been found of the following persons, all colored, who are supposed to have been drowned in the flood: Francis Moore, Frank Miles, a drayman; Mrs. George Watts, and Vinnie Dabney, a 14-year-old boy. These, together with Mrs. Charles Ruffin and George Owens, whose bodies were recovered, make the death list six.

Mr. Ingalls' Side of the Story.

ATLANTA, Kan., May 11.—John J. Ingalls says that he refused to deliver an address before the literary societies of Central college, Fayette, Mo., because one member of the faculty objected to him on account of his open letter to Bishop McCabe in regard to prize fight reporting, and that he was not told that he was not wanted. Central college is a Methodist institution.

Land Missouri Did Not Get.

WASHINGTON, May 11.—National Committeeman Kerens has filed with the interior department a statement of the president of the Missouri university relative to the execution of the order of ex-Secretary Francis giving the university 24,000 acres under the general land grant act for educational purposes. The order has not been carried out, owing to a technical obstruction.

Joe Choyinski Wins.

NEW YORK, May 11.—The 20-round bout between Joe Choyinski, of California, and "Denver" Ed Smith was cut short by Referee Roche, who stopped the bout after two minutes and eight seconds of fighting in the fourth round. Smith frequently tried to hold Choyinski's hand during the first three rounds and was roundly hissed for doing so.

Recommend Collins' Impeachment.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., May 8.—The joint committee of the legislature that has been investigating State Treasurer C. B. Collins, with reference to his dealings with the defunct Merchants' national bank, of Ocala, will submit a report recommending that Collins be impeached. The report will show a shortage of over \$50,000.

A Heavy Defalcation.

COLUMBUS, O., May 11.—The examination of the books of the National bank, which is to be consolidated June 10 with the Fourth National bank, has disclosed that C. H. Damsel, bookkeeper for the National bank, is a defaulter to an amount between \$15,000 and \$25,000.

FOR MEDIATION.

Greece Formally Agrees to the Proposition of the Powers.

GREEKS EAGER TO HAVE PEACE.

The Sultans Mobilizing Troops in Asia Minor—A Suspicion That Turkey Will Ignore the Powers and Their Plan of Mediation.

ATHENS, May 12.—As was generally expected, Greece yesterday formally agreed to the proposition of the powers for mediation, and the Greco-Turkish war is undoubtedly at an end. Greece having accepted mediation, the ambassadors of the powers at Constantinople have been instructed to approach the Turkish government with the view of ascertaining upon what condition Turkey will agree to declare peace.

As soon as the reply of Greece to the note of the powers offering mediation was handed to the representatives of the powers, the latter telegraphed the Greek decision to the representatives of the powers at Constantinople, with the request that they obtain an armistice with the view of arranging for permanent peace.

There is a sense of relief in Athens to-day at the prospect of an immediate end of the calamitous war. There is no excitement and no popular demonstration is anticipated. The government has notified the Greek army of the mediation of the powers.

The Greek commissariat has collapsed. The only rations now received by the soldiers are bread and cheese. Not even coffee is procurable.

GREEKS EAGER FOR PEACE.

LONDON, May 12.—Up to the present there is no sign of a revolution, or of a definite anti-dynastic movement at Athens. The people appear to be relieved at the prospect of mediation, and will be only too glad to see peace restored. The powers are using their influence to persuade Turkey to cease hostilities, though there are some doubts as to whether they will succeed.

M. Ralli, in the course of an interview at Athens yesterday afternoon, intimated that the acquiescence of Greece in the conditions proposed by the powers was due to the belief that they would not allow Turkey to retain an inch of Greek territory. This appears to be the general opinion of European diplomats, who also consider that Turkey should be satisfied with a moderate indemnity.

TURKEY'S LATEST MOVE.

LONDON, May 12.—A dispatch to the Standard from Constantinople says: It is reported that orders have been sent out for the mobilization of the fifth and sixth army corps reserves, stationed at Bagdad and in Syria, and for the immediate dispatch of 50 battalions to Konieh, from which point they will be taken to Ismeed, in Asia Minor. These preparations, which involve an expense that Turkey is quite unable to pay, cannot be required against Greece and they excite anxiety, as indicating that Turkey is preparing either to confront a more formidable foe or to place herself in such a strong position that she will be able to ignore the powers and their plan of mediation.

WEST INDIA EARTHQUAKE.

Many Persons Crushed in the Ruins of Their Houses and in a Church.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The Journal to-day says: Earthquakes are shaking the islands of Guadeloupe and Montserrat, of the Leeward group, in the West Indies. The cable a few days ago reported that a number of persons had been killed at Guadeloupe. Details were supplied by the Quebec liner, Madiana, which arrived here yesterday from Leeward island ports. When the steamer reached Antigua, 40 miles from Guadeloupe, on May 1, every one in port was discussing the shocks. The heaviest had occurred two days before, when 50 colored people had been killed by being buried in the ruins of their houses. In a brick church a congregation of 200 people were caught by the collapse of the walls and 50 crushed to death. Those in the streets saw the houses sway back and forth and the walls of brick structures crack.

TROUBLE IN HONDURAS.

A Steamer Fired on—The American Consul at Port Cortez Said to Have Been Shot.

NEW ORLEANS, May 12.—The steamer Rover, plying between this port and the ports of Spanish Honduras, was fired on by a Nicaraguan man-of-war May 6 while four miles from Port Cortez and narrowly escaped being hit amidships. The Rover, which came in last night, also brought the information that it was rumored in Omoa and other government points that the American consul at Port Cortez, Mr. Alger, had been shot, but no particulars were obtained.

Broatch Must Give Up.

OMAHA, Neb., May 12.—The district court has dissolved the restraining order issued on the application of ex-Mayor Broatch and issued a peremptory writ of mandamus directing him to turn over the office to Mayor Moores.

No Secret Negotiations About Cuba.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The report that secret negotiations of great importance are being carried on between Spain and the United States in regard to Cuba is denied at the state department.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Old-Fashioned Way.—"What was yer daddy lickin' you for?" asked the half-grown boy. The other half-grown boy answered: "O, he was just provin' to me that the whole really did swaller Joner."—Indianapolis Journal.

After physicians had given me up, I was saved by Pilo's Cure.—Ralph Erieg, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 22, 1893.

Juliet—"Did you ever study the stars?" Romeo—"I've understudied them."—Yonkers Statesman.

Slipped and fell; bad sprain. Never mind. St. Jacobs Oil will cure it.

When a rich man's boys don't succeed people always enjoy it.—Washington Democrat.

When bilious or constive eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed. 10c, 25c.

A pair of scissors is always lost.—Aitchison Globe.

A real trifling man is always weighing himself.—Washington Democrat.

The papers are full of deaths from

Heart Failure

Of course

the heart fails to act when a man dies, but "Heart Failure," so called, nine times out of ten is caused by Uric Acid in the blood which the Kidneys fail to remove, and which corrodes the heart until it becomes unable to perform its functions.

Health Officers in many cities very properly refuse to accept "Heart Failure," as a cause of death. It is frequently a sign of ignorance in the physician, or may be given to cover up the real cause.

Safe Cure

A Medicine with 20 Years of Success behind it.

will remove the poisonous Uric Acid by putting the Kidneys in a healthy condition so that they will naturally eliminate it.

The Electric Light of Mowerdom

The pine knot—the tallow candle—the oil lamp—gas—these are stages in the evolution of illumination, which today finds its highest exponent in the electric light.

Similar and no less striking has been the evolution of grain and grass cutting machinery. In 1831 the scythe and the cradle were superseded by the McCormick Reaper. The intervening years have seen many improvements, until now we have that model Harvester and Binder, the McCormick Right Hand Open Elevator, and that veritable electric light of mowerdom, the

MCCORMICK

New 4. It is not only the handsomest mower ever built, but it is, in every sense of the word, the best—and if your experience has taught you anything, it is that there's nothing cheaper than the best.

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The Light-Running McCormick Open Elevator Harvester, The Light-Running McCormick New 4 Steel Mower, The Light-Running McCormick Vertical Corn Binder and The Light-Running McCormick Daisy Reaper for sale everywhere.

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4. Because it is made by a method which preserves unimpaired the exquisite natural flavor and odor of the beans.

5. Because it is the most economical, costing less than one cent a cup.

Be sure that you get the genuine article made by WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass. Established 1870.

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CURE CONSTIPATION

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HAY, COAL, STOCK, GRAIN, BUFFALO, N. Y. AND COTTON SCALES.

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CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

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gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SON'S, Atlanta, Ga.

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A. N. K.—D 1886

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